

FUNSTON ASKS FOR DIRECT APOLOGY

Editor of Nippu Jiji and Department Commander Exchange Some Warm Letters—Soga Defends His Paper and Denies That His Policy Is Aimed at Disturbance of the Peace.

Suggesting that the editor of the Nippu Jiji publish an apology to the military service here as "the one thing that you can do" to make amends for his recent statements against the soldiers in the local garrisons, or else to be regarded "as a willful and malicious liar and a disturber of the good relations which exist between the Americans and the Japanese in this community," Brigadier-General Funston addresses Editor Soga in a direct and explicit manner in the Nippu Jiji. The letter went forward to the Nippu Jiji on Wednesday and was published in both Japanese and English in that paper yesterday, together with Mr. Soga's reply.

Mr. Soga does not furnish the apology suggested, but takes occasion to defend himself and comes back with a charge that General Funston's accusation "that we preferred to publish a malicious lie, based on gossip" is itself "absolutely without foundation and far from truth." The Jiji states a belief that the departmental commander is "too premature" in branding the Jiji as a willful liar and a disturber of the peace.

General Funston's Letter.
General Funston, under date of November 19, wrote:
"The Editor of the Nippu Jiji, Honolulu."

"Sir:—Your paper in its issue of November 15, contained a most intemperate article attacking the enlisted men of the Army stationed here, and stating in effect that the community—especially the Japanese portion of it, was so terrorized that respectable women were afraid to appear on the public streets at night. By your own admission conditions here have greatly improved since restrictions were placed on the coming into the city of those among the soldiers who have shown that they cannot conduct themselves properly, and your recent hysterical outburst was based on an alleged outrage, or capital crime, committed on a respectable Japanese woman by three colored soldiers, this offense being followed by beating her and her husband into insensibility. It was not natural that this story should stir the whole community to its depths, and that the military authorities, especially, should feel grieved and humiliated over the occurrence."

"Now as to the facts in the case. The aggrieved couple have stated voluntarily and freely to an army officer detailed to investigate the case that no colored soldiers entered their house, no outrage was committed or attempted, no arms were displayed, and no one was beaten. Instead, three intoxicated white soldiers entered their home, compelled the husband to take a drink he did not want, and then treated his wife in a rough way, but without attempting any serious crime. The Japanese couple then shoved the three men out of their house and the incident was closed."

"I do not pretend to regard leniently the offense that was actually committed, and there is no doubt whatever that if these three men could be identified a military court would give them long terms of imprisonment."

"You could easily have ascertained all the facts in the case, but you preferred to publish a malicious lie based on gossip, and to make this atrocious fabrication a text for an article calculated to stir up race hatred in a community where such a thing is singularly absent."

"I regret exceedingly that our libel laws are such that you cannot be properly dealt with in this case, as your libel was not against an individual mentioned by name."

"There is one thing that you can do, and that you will do if you have any sense of honor and decency, and that is to publish a complete retraction of the story with an apology to the military service here that you have so grossly libeled, and if you do not do so I shall take the liberty of regarding you as a willful and malicious liar and a disturber of the good relations which exist between the Americans and Japanese in this community."

"Not only is the commanding officer of the troops here, but as an American citizen and as a well-wisher for Hawaii, do I protest against any course which if kept up must result in hard feelings between the many elements that go to make up this singularly happy and peaceful community. May I suggest a sort of division of labor between you and myself, in that you collect reliable news for your readers and comment on it in a spirit of justice, and that you leave to me the duty of maintaining the discipline of the Army here, a task that I have been entrusted with by the President of the United States. Yours truly,

"FREDERICK FUNSTON,
"Brig-Gen., U.S.A."

Reply of Editor Soga.

"Hon. Gen. Frederick Funston, Brig-Gen., U.S.A., Honolulu."

"Sir, your letter dated November 19 is at hand, and the contents were fully noted. In reply we would like to state that we admitted that conditions here among the soldiers have greatly improved since you placed strict restrictions on them, not only in our issue of November 15, but several times previously. But, unfortunately, their conduct has become again recently, and we are very sorry to say that the community—especially the Japanese portion of it, was so terrorized that respectable women were afraid to appear on the public streets at night."

"You mention us that our paper published a hysterical article in its issue of November 15 on an alleged outrage or capital crime, committed on a respectable Japanese woman by three colored soldiers, this offense being followed by beating her and her husband into insensibility. We beg to make exception to your allegation that we never made any such assertion whatever in our paper of the above date or in any of the other issues. All facts published in 'The Nippu Jiji' in regard to the case are these: That through a certain newspaper published this morning (referring to the Hawaiian Japanese Daily Chronicle of November 15) it came to our notice that three American soldiers intruded a Japanese house in certain section of the city at early dawn, and inflicted an unpardonable insult to a woman in the presence of her husband who was held and threatened with a deadly weapon. What we published in regard to the recent outrage are completely within the remarks above cited, and we have the reason to believe that these facts are true according to our own investigations, and as they are ratified by others, they are not from mere gossip or hearsay."

"Your accusation that we preferred to publish a malicious lie based on gossip and made this atrocious fabrication a text for an article calculated to stir up race hatred in a community where such a thing is singularly absent, is absolutely without foundation and far from truth. All we wished of our military authority and the police are nothing but more efficient surveillance upon some of the enlisted men and better protection to the whole community. It is useless to state that we have not the least intention to stir up race hatred or to disturb peace in this community."

"We regret exceedingly that you made rather too rough accusation to us, and fear that this misunderstanding is due to the wrong interpretation of our paper. We believe that you were too premature to brand us as a willful liar and a disturber of peace."

"To prove that our statements are correct, we are sending you several copies of the latest 'The Nippu Jiji' issued since November 15th, when the above matter was first reported. They will be sent under a separate cover and the portion relating to the case will all be marked. We want you to examine them thoroughly and have them translated. We would like to have you investigate and see whether your allegations against us are true or not, and we want to know whether you still demand us to make retraction and apology to you."

"Believing in a spirit of justice, Yours respectfully,

"Editor of 'The Nippu Jiji.'"

IS THE SWORD MIGHTIER THAN PEN?



BRIG. GEN. FREDERIC FUNSTON, U.S.A.



EDITOR Y. SOGA.

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THE WELCH SETS NEW RECORD IN STEEPLECHASE

A world's record for a steeplechase of two miles, 3552-1-5, was made at Baltimore, Maryland, November 5, by The Welch with 200 pounds on her back. The Welch is ten years old, and is owned by Col. Hal Par, of Baltimore.

The black mare took the lead early in the race and, being over her jump like a bird, she had the field strung out. The only serious contention came from George Fox, who, always well up, came with a rush at the end but made a blunder at the last jump.

Frank Parkers, the hampshire barbor of Port Street, was stricken with paralysis on last Saturday while at his place of business. His condition was reported yesterday as improving.

WELCH CASE TO GRAND JURY

Judge Larnach, After Hearing Testimony in Matter of Woman Accused of Perjury, Orders Her Held to Await Action of Territorial Inquisitorial Body.

After hearing the testimony of J. J. Medeiros and Tamagiro, a Japanese servant of Mrs. William Welch, accused of perjury, Judge Larnach yesterday said the evidence warranted him turning the entire case over to the territorial grand jury.

Should the grand jury bring an indictment against the woman her trial will be held before the circuit court. As to what stand Judge Larnach will take toward increasing the bail of Mrs. Welch will be decided this morning at nine o'clock.

When Mrs. Welch entered the court room yesterday, both in the morning and afternoon sessions, she was smiling and apparently carefree, but after Medeiros and Tamagiro had testified and Judge Larnach rendered his decision turning her case over to the grand jury, Mrs. Welch gave way to tears and left the court in the face of a large crowd, weeping and wringing her hands.

Medeiros, upon being called to the stand at the morning session, testified that he maintained a wife and family on fifty dollars a month. He further testified that between February 11 and October 30, 1913, he had turned over to Mrs. Welch the aggregate sum of \$3207.50, in sums varying from five dollars to \$570.

While Medeiros was on the witness stand and under cross-examination of Attorney Magoon, representing Mrs. Welch, he gave a list of his creditors, reading the same from a slip of paper which he held in his hand.

In giving the money to Mrs. Welch Medeiros testified that he turned it over to her either in person or through a messenger, mostly always the Japanese servant of Mrs. Welch. As to the source from which this money came, Medeiros said he had received it from many of his friends to whom he is now indebted.

Gave Many Excuses.
"While I was turning this money over to Mrs. Welch," said Medeiros, "my salary with McChesney & Company was twenty-five dollars a week. In some cases I was given notes by the woman. At other times I simply sent the coin in response to either a letter, a telephone message or to Mrs. Welch in person. She usually offered a variety of excuses for needing so much money."

After Medeiros had concluded reading the list of creditors to whom he owed sums of money varying from ten dollars to \$250, Medeiros was asked if he had any other occupation than that of borrowing money between February 11 and October 30. In reply, Medeiros said that he was a salesman for McChesney & Company and in response to further questioning from Magoon said that he had also given Mrs. Welch money which he had collected from the rental of five houses in the Punchbowl district.

Medeiros also testified that he had borrowed \$3300 from his brother, residing on Maui, while another creditor was his father-in-law, to whom he was indebted in the sum of \$1200.

When asked by Attorney Coke why he had not demanded notes for the various sums he testified to having given Mrs. Welch, Medeiros said that he told Mrs. Welch that her word was as good as her bond and "I trust you, Kate."

It was Medeiros' contention that he was pretty well acquainted with Mrs. Welch and that he was sure that she was not a liar. After a time, though, Medeiros became suspicious of the woman, he said, and made repeated demands upon her for the return of his money, but his demands were met with various kinds of excuses, he said, and that it was always one thing or the other which prevented him from getting any of the cash he had advanced.

Disliked the Publicity.
Medeiros further testified that Mrs. Welch had approached him after the case had been brought before the court and had begged him to take the witness stand and deny that there was any money coming to him. He said Mrs. Welch told him she disliked the publicity attending a trial and after a time she would make everything alright with him just as soon as she secured funds from other sources.

Medeiros also added that he had met an "angel" on the steamer Manna Kea who handed him fifty dollars, but that he was unable to recall the man's name or even what he looked like.

With the adjournment of court it was stated that A. S. Humphreys had been engaged to look after Medeiros' interests in the future.

GETS OFF WATER WAGON TO PICK UP HIS WHIP; WAKES UP IN CITY JAIL

*** Poor Joe Bryant! Surely his name must be a jinx or he must have a habit of dropping his whip from the water wagon every Thursday, and for so doing he gets hauled to the bastille.

Yesterday it was the same old story in the same old way. Name, Joe Bryant, charge, drunk.

Perhaps Joe likes to break into jail on Thursdays or perhaps it is just his luck. Anyway the blotter shows him to be a regular pick-up of the police and in nine cases out of ten he is picked up on Thursday.

TO BORE INTO KILAUEA'S DEPTHS

Scientists, Amazed at Results of Tests to Date, Will Carry On Series of Striking Experiments at the Volcano—Plan Is to Pierce Lava Crust to Sound for Fiery Lake Below.

L. A. Thurston, while in Washington, visited the Carnegie Institution of Physical Research and interviewed Dr. A. L. Day, director of the geophysical research laboratories. Doctor Day is analyzing the samples of gas that he collected through a pipe sunk ten feet beneath the surface of the molten lava in Halemauuma when he was at the Volcano last summer. The analyses thus far completed suggest revolutionary hypotheses.

Whole libraries on vulcanography have been written, and many theories have been developed on the basis of assumption that the earth consists of a molten plastic core surrounded by a comparatively thin crust. By some scientists in the solid outer skin volcanoes have been supposed to be simply vent holes through which the molten central mass of the globe is forced by the physical contraction of the molten earth to the cooling process.

Scientists have attributed lava formation to chemical combination of sea water with the mineral elements of the earth-core, the heat to melt the rocks being produced by chemical reactions of the water acting on the minerals, under pressure. The advocates of this theory have assumed that free water is not present within the molten core of the earth, or in molten lavas.

Gas Water-Laden.
Doctor Day's first discovery was that the gases collected from the very heart of the fire-pit were heavily charged with pure water. His second discovery was that neither the water nor the gas had ever been at the surface of the earth before. All surface waters and all atmospheric gases contain the element Argon. Argon is not a constituent of the Kilauea gases. Therefore, says Doctor Day, these gases and the water which accompanies them, must have been formed within the earth without infiltration of sea water or any other surface waters.

Further analyses developed the fact that there are three separate gases present in the Kilauea gases, that produce a terrific heat when they combine—temperatures high enough to melt any known mineral compound.

Will Tap the Depths.
It is now the plan of the Carnegie Institution scientists to sink bores deep into the Kilauea lavas in a circle around the fire pit at varying distances from Halemauuma to determine whether there is a general body of molten lava underneath the solid floor of the crater and to record temperatures and make further scientific observations on the causes of volcanic phenomena.

Mr. Thurston states that a number of scientists connected with the Carnegie Geo-Physical Laboratory will be employed in these investigations.

WHAT EVERY GIRL OUGHT TO KNOW

BERLIN, October 25.—A certain South German publisher has got rich quickly by a perfectly easy device. In the newspapers he advertises a new work in the following terms: "What a Young Girl Ought to Know Before Marriage." Free by post, 60 cents."

In a month he sold 25,000 copies, and new editions followed in rapid succession.

At this stage his envious rivals got him prosecuted on the ground that he was competing unfairly with them by means of misrepresentations. At the hearing of the case the defendant offered evidence that in no single case had any complaint been received from all the thousands of purchasers of the work, and he added: "That, I take it, is clear proof that what the purchasers expected to get was a cookery book."

And, in fact, the 60-cent book which received so much notice was simply a collection of kitchen recipes.

The case was dismissed.

GAS ON THE STOMACH.

Use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for This Form of Indigestion.

It is a poor treatment for stomach trouble that treats the stomach alone. Back of all your lack of appetite, sourness of stomach, belching of gas, nausea, pains after eating, heaviness and lumpy-like feeling in the stomach, is bad blood. The food is fermenting in the stomach, only partly digested, because the stomach is weak.

Take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and notice the difference in your condition. You will be able to eat three good meals a day without discomfort.

The new blood, which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make, will restore the stomach to its normal condition, positively strengthen the digestive organs and increase the flow of digestive fluids.

Do not put off finding relief a single day. Get a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills today and begin treating yourself.

The case of "Baron" Woolworth, charged with gross cheat and defrauding of a suitor, was yesterday postponed until tomorrow morning at nine o'clock before Judge Robinson for disposition.

WATER FRONTS NEWS

MARINE TIDINGS.
By Merchants' Exchange

Tuesday, November 19.
San Francisco—Arrived, Nov. 18, 2 p.m., S. S. Honolulu, hence Nov. 11. Hilo, Arrived, Nov. 16, S. S. Enterprise, from San Francisco.
San Francisco—Sailed, Nov. 18, 3 p.m., S. S. Sonoma, for Honolulu.

Wednesday, November 20.
San Francisco—Sailed, Nov. 19, 1 p.m., S. S. Wilhelmnia, for Honolulu.
San Francisco—Sailed, Nov. 18, 2 p.m., S. S. Chiyo Maru, for Honolulu.

Thursday, November 20.
Newcastle—Sailed November 19, S. S. Maningarry, for Honolulu.
Yokohama—Sailed, November 19, S. S. Mongolia, for Honolulu.

San Francisco—Arrived, November 20, 10 a.m., S. S. Hyades, from Seattle.
San Francisco—Sailed, November 20, S. S. Alaskan, from Hilo, November eleven.

PORT OF HONOLULU.

ARRIVED.

Tuesday, November 19.
M. N. S. S. Lurline, from San Francisco, 7:30 a.m.
Str. Kilauea, from Hilo and way ports, a.m.

Wednesday, November 19.
Str. W. G. Hall, from Kauai ports, 5:30 a.m.
M. N. S. S. Hyades, from Seattle, 7:15 a.m.
Schr. Repeat, from Tacoma, 10:15 a.m.

Thursday, November 20.
Str. Claudine, from Maui ports, 4:20 a.m.

DEPARTED.
P. M. S. S. Siberia, for Yokohama, 8 a.m.
Str. Kilauea, for Kauai ports, 5 p.m.
Str. Mikahala, for Maui and Molokai ports, 5 p.m.

Str. Waialea, for Hanalei ports, 10:40 a.m.
Str. Maui, for Kona and Kau ports, 12 m.
Str. Kilauea, for Hilo and way ports, 10 a.m.

Str. W. G. Hall, for Kauai ports, 5:00 p.m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

Per str. Kilauea, from Hilo and Lahaina, November 18.—J. E. Sheedy, A. J. Elmes, C. W. Weiskel, H. B. Elliot, P. W. Thrum, Miss Thrum, John Silva, C. H. Will, J. W. Russell, J. O. Carter, D. W. Johnston and wife, J. Brenitt, J. B. Blackshear, P. Prendo and wife, rather James, T. Ochini and wife, Miss K. Tadani, Mrs. Lawson, Prof. T. A. Jaggar, D. K. Egnell, A. Hanneberg, H. B. Giffard, H. S. Gray, H. Nakamura and wife, R. Terpley, George Munday, Miss Lamaga, Miss A. Starkweather, Wing Son, H. Nagamatsu and wife, Miss Nagao, F. Strange, A. H. Traphagen, H. B. Penhalow, wife and son, Mrs. R. Hose, Mrs. C. Aki and child, George Tanaka, Serg. M. R. Roberts, Rev. J. W. Wadman.

Per M. N. S. S. Lurline, from San Francisco, November 18.—F. M. A. Alf, T. J. Beaudet, Mrs. T. J. Beaudet, Dr. J. P. Cowen, Geo. Crickshank, Mrs. Geo. Crickshank and two children, H. Culman, Father O. Ditching, J. P. Foster, Gilles H. Gere, A. R. Gurley, Miss W. P. Harrop, Mrs. W. Harvey, G. C. Hutton, Rev. Bro. Gerald Jeanson, Mrs. R. A. Kearns, Andrew Langdon, J. L. Langdon, Mrs. J. L. Langdon, Mrs. J. L. Langdon, Mrs. J. L. McKeane, Peter F. Nelson, Mrs. M. Ratta, Mrs. H. Reinhardt and child, Miss Vivian L. Rodgers, C. H. Ruhlman, Mrs. C. H. Ruhlman, Jas. Wright, Mrs. Jas. Wright, Miss Pauline Willis, W. S. Winter, A. E. Wood, J. F. Seigler.

Per str. Claudine, from Maui ports, November 20.—Mr. and Mrs. C. D. A. Kimori, T. Kato and wife, A. S. Chong, J. P. Beck, E. D. Painter, D. S. Austin, C. Wiseman, J. S. Cornwell, T. Kennedy, T. H. Bomke, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Willing, J. Pakaya, C. J. Schoening, A. Jorgensen.

Departed.
Per str. Kilauea, for Kauai ports, November 18.—Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Baldwin, D. Donoh, Dr. Glaissey, U. S. Yoshimoto, Geo. Honolulu, Thos. Kalewai, J. Naumana, K. Daimaru, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Johnston, Miss Healy, Mrs. Healy, A. Gomes, C. Nishikawa, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Murdoch and infant, E. Mahlum, C. W. Spitz, Tom Kong, Y. Shida, T. Chong, Miss T. Ouve, T. C. Johnston, Master Penhalow, Mrs. H. B. Penhalow, John Waterhouse, John Guild, R. W. T. Parais, J. D. Dougherty, C. A. Woode, K. Ramlah, A. Melby, D. W. McRyle, Mrs. F. Bennett, Miss H. Deimert, Mrs. Ida Rawlins, Mrs. L. Husey and infant, Mrs. J. Lewis.

Per str. Kilauea, for Hilo and way ports, November 19.—J. H. Wiso, H. J. Duff, T. J. Henry, Capt. Howe, Master Barrer, Mrs. F. M. Barrer, Miss E. Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Mason, A. Girdley, A. Callers, Mrs. Bryant, Master A. McKendee, H. E. Metzger, H. H. Haukauf, K. Chaki, R. Hosmer, W. M. Giffard, Mr. and Mrs. J. Fernandez and infant, Miss E. Fernandez, Mr. and Mrs. James Wright, Master Per

ander, M. Oaki, M. S. Pacheco, J. A. and Mrs. V. Fernandez, Mr. and Mrs. M. Wright, D. M. Sample, A. S. Fairchild, Mrs. J. W. Leubart, E. J. Lord, G. C. Bottom, C. A. Nell, Mrs. M. E. Corbin, Mrs. Borba, Miss Clara Fernandez, Robt. Hair, J. P. Foster, J. P. Kuppel, Mrs. M. Hartley, Mrs. C. Howe, John A. Bennett, A. Crickshank, Mr. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Stewart, Miss M. Stewart.

Per str. W. G. Hall for Kauai ports, November 20.—Rev. J. W. Wadman, A. B. Traphagen, B. von Damm, J. B. Graham, Miss Miller, E. De Lacy, J. P. Akuna, Fred Lohr.

Reputables Endorsement Voted at Meeting of Hawaii National Democratic League.

Apparently the new Hawaii National Democratic League, or at least some of its members, are making an effort in advance to elicit the good graces of the proposed Governor of this Territory, J. E. Pinkham, by giving out information that its endorsement of President Wilson's candidature at a recent meeting was unanimous.

It develops, however, that quite a number of those who are members of the league, but were not present at the endorsement meeting, have taken a different view of the proceedings. One of these is William E. Miles, private secretary to Mayor Fera. When seen yesterday Mr. Miles was indignant.

"I see my name has been used as one of those who endorsed Mr. Pinkham as Governor of this Territory," he said. "This is a mistake. When I personally add my endorsement of anybody for that office it will be for a Democrat, not a Republican or an outsider."

"While I am a member of the league, I did not know anything about the meeting last Monday evening, nor did I know that Mr. Pinkham had been endorsed. Certainly not by me. I was not present at the meeting and knew nothing about it until the next day."

"I have been told I was appointed on a committee to welcome Jefferson McKean, the new United States district attorney, but I have not been officially notified of that fact yet."

George V. Jakins Must Face Trial as Result of Gambling Hui Investigation.

Two indictments were found by the territorial grand jury which reported yesterday morning at ten o'clock to Judge W. J. Robinson. Both were placed on the secret file, but during the afternoon George V. Jakins, attorney and commissioner agent, who has his business place in the Sachs Building on Upper Fort Street, was arrested on one of these indictments and charged with gambling. Jakins was given his release on furnishing \$500 in bail and will appear for arraignment before Judge Robinson this morning at half-past eight o'clock.

The other man indicted is supposed to have left the Territory shortly after a subpoena was served on him to appear before the grand jury. These indictments came as a result of the investigation begun by the grand jury on Wednesday afternoon. It is understood that the grand jury paid particular attention to the so-called hui gambling hui which is said to have been operating in Honolulu for some months past. A number of the men alleged to be implicated in the hui are said to have left the Territory some weeks ago.

The territorial grand jury will meet again probably on Wednesday or Thursday of the coming week, when it will likely take up other cases, among these the Welch perjury case.

Officer Kanoe Comes Upon A Johnson as He is Taking Money From Victim, He Says.

A. Weeks took on an overload of stimulants yesterday afternoon, and when he found the burden too heavy drifted in behind the Honolulu Iron Works as he ascher.

Johnson, with no visible means of support, saw the wobbling Weeks on his way to rest and repose, and followed. So did Officer Hugo Kanoe. Weeks laid his weary head on a pile of scrap iron and was soon dreaming of the days when he was young and green and knew not what the demon rum was. While so slumbering, so Kanoe says, Johnson tiptoed up to the sleeping man and from his inside coat pocket abstracted a package.

Kanoe then took a hand in the affair and brought both men to the police station. Five dollars and fifteen cents was the amount of coin in the package, and Johnson was charged with picking a pocket while Weeks was asleep. Below to snitch out his sleep, while the charge of drunk was penciled after his name on the police blotter.

AUSTRALIA SEES NEW SCALE OF WEIGHTS

Boxing promoters and sporting writers of Australia recently held a conference in Sydney, at which time a general line of rules to handle the game were considered and decided upon. The most important by far was a weight limit for the various divisions, said limit to cover the game in the Antipodes.